

## Bank of England Eyes Gradual Rate Cuts Amid Fragile Economic Recovery

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UK interest rates are projected to fall steadily over the coming months, with the Bank of England (BoE) expected to implement a series of cuts by the end of 2025. While the base rate currently sits at 4.25 percent, financial analysts suggest this could decline to as low as 3.5 percent, as inflation moderates and economic momentum remains fragile. However,

policymakers are signalling caution, with no rush to loosen monetary policy aggressively.

The Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) at the Bank of England has already delivered successive rate cuts since late 2024, lowering the base rate from a high of 5.25 percent. Though inflation is gradually easing, it remains above the 2 percent target, prompting the Bank to adopt a “gradual and careful” approach to rate reductions. Policymakers are weighing geopolitical risks, persistent core inflation, and mixed consumer data before moving forward with additional easing.

Leading financial institutions such as Deutsche Bank forecast three more rate cuts in 2025, expected in August, November, and December, bringing the base rate to around 3.5 percent. ING and other observers predict fewer reductions, possibly limiting the rate to 4 percent by year-end. Pantheon Macroeconomics sees only one cut likely this year, citing concerns about the persistence of inflation and uneven economic indicators. The BoE’s stance suggests a data-driven strategy, focusing on signs of stable inflation and sustained economic growth before making further moves.

For homeowners, lower rates may reduce mortgage costs, but the impact varies. Fixed-rate mortgages are influenced by market swap rates, which may not immediately reflect policy rate adjustments. As a result, borrowers nearing the end of their fixed-term deals are advised to monitor financial markets closely to lock in competitive rates before potential volatility returns.

Savers, on the other hand, could see declining returns on deposit accounts. Financial experts recommend considering fixed-term savings

products now, as interest rates on these instruments may drop in anticipation of further policy easing. Locking in current rates could shield savers from the downturn in yield that often accompanies lower base rates.

In summary, while the peak in UK interest rates appears to have passed, the path downward will be measured. The Bank of England is likely to maintain a cautious and deliberate pace, balancing inflation control with support for growth, making 2025 a year of closely watched monetary policy shifts.