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UK Judge Challenges Supreme Court Transgender Ruling

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A retired British judge has launched legal action at the European Court of Human Rights (ECHR) over a recent Supreme Court decision concerning biological sex, citing potential adverse effects on transgender individuals in the United Kingdom. Dr Victoria McCloud, the UK's first transgender judge, argues that the ruling could discourage young transgender people from coming forward and accessing legal protections.

Dr McCloud retired in 2024 and now resides in Ireland, but remains actively involved in legal matters affecting the transgender community. She explained that the legal climate in the UK has changed considerably since the 1990s. "When I came out, things were different. We didn't have many rights, but there was less of a climate of fear," she said. Her legal team submitted an appeal last week under Article Six of the European Convention on Human Rights, which guarantees the right to a fair and impartial hearing.

The case follows an April ruling by the UK Supreme Court, welcomed by gender-critical campaigners as a measure to protect the rights of biological women and safeguard single-sex spaces. Dr McCloud contends that the decision overlooked transgender perspectives and excluded affected individuals from consultation. "Decisions about us that fundamentally change our rights shouldn't be made without us," she stated.

International organisations have also raised concerns. In June, the Lemkin Institute for Genocide Prevention criticised "judicial and governmental developments" in the UK, warning they risk marginalising transgender and intersex people. Both the Council of Europe and the United Nations have echoed similar concerns about legal protections for transgender individuals.

In response to growing challenges, Dr McCloud has founded the Trans Exile Network (TEN), aimed at supporting families and individuals choosing to leave the UK over concerns for their children's well-being. "There are families involved who are leaving for the sake of their children," she said, highlighting the personal impact of the legal and social environment.

While some groups have praised the Supreme Court ruling as a protection for women, Dr McCloud maintains that transgender individuals have used single-sex spaces for decades without reported incidents. She also expressed concern that the ruling could inadvertently increase scrutiny or discrimination against women who do not conform to traditional gender norms. "It's leading to more abuse of non-trans people than it is to trans people," she added.

Dr McCloud is represented by a legal team led by Oscar Davies, the UK's first openly non-binary barrister, alongside Olivia Campbell-Cavendish, founder of the Trans Legal Clinic. Legal experts suggest that proceedings at the ECHR could take 12 to 18 months, although delays may extend the timeline to several years.

Despite relocating to Ireland, Dr McCloud continues to travel to London for court hearings and media engagements. She noted that public attention and potential safety concerns remain significant. "I don't see it as a safe place to go," she said, citing increased scrutiny in the UK.

This case highlights ongoing debates over legal protections for transgender individuals in the UK and the balance between rights for biological women and transgender communities. The ECHR appeal may have implications for both domestic and international human rights law, particularly regarding access to justice and fair treatment under UK legislation.