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Governor Newsom Rejects Trump's \$1 Billion UCLA Settlement Demand as Extortion

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California Governor Gavin Newsom has strongly condemned the Trump administration's recent \$1 billion settlement proposal involving the University of California, Los Angeles (UCLA), calling it "political extortion." The governor affirmed that California will not comply with the demand, which came after the federal government froze \$584 million in funding to

UCLA over allegations of failing to protect the civil rights of Jewish and Israeli students during pro-Palestinian protests on campus.

Governor Newsom's office criticized the federal government's approach, accusing it of using financial leverage to coerce the university system for political objectives. The statement from Newsom's team described the \$1 billion settlement demand as a "billion-dollar political shakedown" and made clear that California refuses to bow to such pressure. The governor's response reflects broader concerns about the politicization of federal oversight on campus issues and the financial strain such demands could place on public universities.

The dispute stems from claims by the Department of Justice that UCLA and other universities allowed anti-semitic behavior to go unchecked, violating federal civil rights protections. The Trump administration has threatened to withhold significant federal funds from institutions that do not address these issues. UCLA, along with other universities like Columbia and Brown, now faces pressure to resolve the allegations through costly settlements.

Meanwhile, the University of California system is reportedly reviewing the settlement offer but has expressed reservations about the implications of paying such a large sum. Critics of the federal actions argue that these demands could undermine academic freedom and free speech, warning that the threat of punitive funding cuts may deter universities from allowing open debate and protest on their campuses.

This situation adds to an ongoing national debate over how to balance the protection of civil rights with the preservation of free expression in higher education. Universities are grappling with the challenge of maintaining safe, inclusive environments for all students while also safeguarding the robust exchange of ideas essential to academic inquiry.

Similar investigations by the federal government have already resulted in settlements with other prominent universities, with Columbia agreeing to a \$220 million resolution and Brown paying \$50 million. The scale of these settlements, particularly the proposed UCLA figure, has raised concerns about the financial viability of public universities and the precedent such settlements might set.

Governor Newsom's public rejection of the Trump administration's demand signals a potential standoff between state and federal authorities over the oversight and funding of higher education institutions. The dispute also reflects wider political tensions, with California positioning itself against what it sees as overreach by the federal government into state-run educational systems.

As the University of California continues to consider its response, the outcome of this dispute will have significant ramifications. It could influence how other public universities approach federal investigations and settlements related to civil rights and campus conduct. Additionally, it will impact the ongoing conversation about the role of government in regulating speech and behavior within academic communities.

In summary, Governor Gavin Newsom's strong opposition to the Trump administration's \$1 billion settlement demand for UCLA underscores the contentious nature of federal-state relations in education policy. The case highlights critical issues surrounding civil rights enforcement, academic freedom, and the financial pressures facing public universities. The resolution of this matter will be closely watched for its implications

on higher education governance and the balance of political power in the United States.